

GRAND RAPIDS HERALD

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There may be shavers today.

CATTLEMAN AND RUSTLER.

There are always two sides to every dispute. This is exemplified in the war between the cattlemen and rustlers. One of the latter, a highly educated man, claims that the settlers have been confounded with the thieves, and that they have been drawn into a fight not of their making. He claims that the heavy losses of cattle were not the result of thievery, but of improper care during the rigors of the cold season. He claims that the settlers have been included in the sweeping charges made against the rustlers, while as a matter of fact the settlers are a peaceable body of men, pursuing a legitimate business and molesting the property of no one. He bitterly condemns the large ranchmen and inveighs against their encroachments on small settlers. In fairness to the settlers it may be accepted as a fact that they are all this one claims for them. But it does not lessen the fact that cattle thieving by rustlers had been carried on to an extent beyond endurance. While the action of the cattlemen in precipitating a war should receive the severest censure and is unjustifiable under any law, yet the settlers cannot excuse their hearty sympathy with and aid extended to the rustlers.

SHOT-GUN AND LOTTERY.

Congressman John Allen of Mississippi, referring to the intimidation of the colored voter in the shot-gun districts of the south, jocularly said: "We fire the guns so as to give notice that a free and fair election was about to be held." While it is gratifying to know no fatalities occurred during Tuesday's election, it is distressing to be ever confronted with instances of fraud and intimidation now so common as to excite only levity. The highest privilege of an American citizen, be he white or colored, ought to be prized so highly that any, even the least, impediment put in the way of its free exercise should excite the indignation of all. With these shameful instances, it is announced that Foster, the anti-lottery democratic candidate, is elected. This is to intensify and emphasize the disgraceful frauds which have been reported from Louisiana. A rebuke of the shot-gun policy was hoped for. A condemnation of the lottery octopus was expected, but a condemnation of the shot-gun policy would have been more gratifying.

CORRECTS THE ERROR.

Repetitious enterprise sometimes gets the better of editorial caution, and an article gets into print that may be colored to suit the fancy of the reporter rather than to accurately fit the facts. It appears that the report of the proceedings of the Division Street Methodist church trustees, which appeared Tuesday morning, was so drawn as to reflect upon the pastor, a gentleman highly esteemed for his candor and piety. It is unfortunate that the reporter was denied admission to the meeting, where he could have secured an accurate report of the proceedings. It is still more unfortunate that the report ascribed to the pastor's sentiments, which if uttered, were uttered by somebody else. Elsewhere a communication appears from the trustees, in which it is admitted that the questions set forth in Tuesday morning's article were discussed, but that the pastor took no part in the same, and that they were not properly connected. It follows that the reporter was mistaken in ascribing the utterances to the pastor when they were made by one or more of the trustees. In a spirit of true Christian charity, realizing that mistakes are apt to happen in all things of life, the trustees seek to correct the error and remove the imputation upon their beloved pastor. THE HERALD cheerfully lends its columns for the purpose, and is happy to be able to say that good may even come from an incident so annoying and apparently, if not obviously, so unmerited.

WOOL AND MILLS.

Census bulletin number 169, dealing with the wool industry is at hand. The number of establishments actively engaged in the manufacture of woolen goods is less by 678 than it was in 1880. This decrease is accounted for by the rapid disappearance of neighborhood carding mills. The report excludes shoddy mills. The total capital represented by these mills in 1880 was \$159,491,869, and in 1890, \$206,933,164, representing an increase of 36.67 per cent. The hands employed in 1880 numbered 141,507, in 1890, 221,087; per cent of increase, 56.24. The wage paid in 1880 was \$47,389,087, in 1890, \$76,768,871; per cent of increase, 62.08. The value of the product at the factory in 1880 was \$267,232,913, in 1890, \$328,231,169; per cent of increase, 22.84. The capacity of the mills increased during the decade as follows: Cards from 7541 to 8206, combing machines from 318 to 835, spindles from 2,254,906 to 3,286,280, looms from 87,830 to 49,873, knitting machines from 14,769 to 26,924. Fourteen states show an increase in the number of mills, while in

thirty-one states the capital shows a marked increase of children employed. In 1890 there were 16,657, as against 19,284 in 1880. Woolen mills proper have fallen off in number. For the manufacture of worsted goods, felt goods, hosiery and knit goods, they have largely increased. Especially is this true of worsted goods, and hosiery and knit goods mills. Especial emphasis is given to the fact that the custom carding mills, so distinctly an adjunct of household industry, has given way to fully equipped mills supplied with machinery for all the processes of manufacture. The decrease in the number of wool hat mills is attributable to the large increase in fur hat mills. The consumption of domestic wool increased from 222,991,531 pounds to 238,737,191 pounds during the decade. That is 35,745,659 more pounds of domestic wool were used in 1890 than in 1880. A comparison of the same years shows also that the consumption of foreign wools had increased 40,915,914 pounds. Adulterants of all kinds largely increased during the decade.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN.

English railway compartment carriages make possible outrages which are unknown in American coaches. Within a few months assaults upon defenseless women have been made in the secrecy of the compartment railway coach, which would not have been attempted on an American coach. Many instances have been recorded of violence done in these compartments. And unless abolished many more incidents of like character will be recorded. The social status of the parties to the latest recorded instance of violence seems to have impressed upon the English mind the desirability of adopting American coaches. For the sake of decency it is to be hoped English prejudice, or English exclusion if you please, may be so far overcome by common sense as to adopt a carriage which in its promiscuousness will insure to unprotected travelers the security demanded. Americans may with becoming pride point to the protection afforded by our style of coach. Should the English adopt American coaches they will not be long in discovering that they are not so very "shocking to decency or dangerous to safety" as one English woman characterized them.

There are talkers and there are workers; there are those who are always going to do something; but somehow it is never done. They run a long account with the future, while they forget the "little things" of the present. The broad way that leads to destruction is said to be paved with good intentions, and we fear the same might often truly be said of the narrow path that leads to honor and final success. But what are we always going to do will have no reward at the judgment seat. The commendation will not be "well intended," but "well done."

EDITOR COCKERILL of the New York Advertiser, who characterizes Harry Vane Millbank: "There is not a reputable newspaper in the United States which does not now regard Mr. Millbank as a blackguard. His appearance here as the 'heeler' of a dissolute young scoundrel who had disgraced the family and broken up the home of a fellow citizen, earned for him the contempt of every honest editor. He did not receive one-tenth the hostile criticism that his blackguardism invited."

Is it possible that the democratic party is becoming converted to reciprocity? A resolution reported to the house by its committee on foreign affairs and recommended for passage, provides for the negotiation of a greater measure of reciprocity with Mexico through the machinery of a joint committee. This is a measure of so much importance that the suspicion of an awakening to which it gives rise, will be sunk in a contemplation of the benefits due to follow.

PROTESTANTISM RENOUNCED fifteen years ago. Convent life entered upon. Sister Mary Celeste a nun. Convent life abandoned. Holy vows broken. Sister Mary no more. The glaring footlights. Lulu Wilcox will sing comic opera. The step from the sublime to the ridiculous exemplified.

"EX-SENATOR WILLIAM J. SEWELL of New Jersey, is ill at Camden with congestion of the lungs, contracted during a visit to Chicago." This is not strange, the effluvia arising from the Chicago river is thick enough to congest, even a sewer pipe.

Gold has been discovered in Fluvanna and Goochland counties, Va. Prospectors and "tender-feet" are already flocking to the spot. The former will find the mines and the latter will be expected to enrich the discoverers.

In breathless suspense the country has waited, for these many years, for the man to reveal himself who fired the first gun on Fort Sumpter. He is found at last, and his name is W. H. Gibbs.

Mr. GEORGE FAVORITE has been elected mayor of Springfield, S. D. There is nothing remarkable in this; it is quite the common thing for the favorite candidate to win.

RETURNS of the Louisiana election are not yet complete. But the usual cry of fraud is on hand with its ballet-box snuffing contingent, and there is no denying the fact.

NATHANIEL S. BERRY of New Hampshire, now 95, is said to be the oldest living ex-governor in the United States. And he is a well-preserved berry, too.

Democratic state conventions continue to instruct for Mr. Cleveland with singular unanimity. Mr. Hill to the contrary notwithstanding.

SITS ON THE FENCE

The People's Party Without an Issue or Principle

CHARACTER OF ITS LEADERS

Shown by Comparison with Great Men, Now Gone—Principles of Right and Equity in the Republican Party.

EDITOR HERALD—What claim has the "people's party" to commend it to the voters of this country? Does it in any peculiar sense possess the elements which bring about genuine reforms, and if so, wherein? Are its professed principles and political methods higher, purer, holier and more just than those of the republican party? For instance, in what respect can the people look for better things from it than from the republican party? Wherein, to say nothing of it being a stool-pigeon for democracy, has it anything to commend it to the support of the people? Any party to be serviceable to the country must be well-born, and intelligence and morality are as absolutely essential to the true success of a party as to that of an individual. Look up the pedigree of the founders and fathers of the alleged people's party and see how a Donnelly, a Peffer, a Weaver or a Sockless-Simpson compares with a Fremont, a Lincoln, a Sumner, a Grant, a Garfield. The comparison is odious—it seems like an insult to the dead. And the republican party does not have to look back to past records, and to the long line of noble men, dead, whom the opponents of progress vilified while they lived, but whose memory they now profess to revere. The republican leaders of the present are as full of the spirit of patriotism, humanity and progress as were the noble dead whose mantles they wear in honor.

Comparison Truly Odious.

In every element of statesmanship, manhood and nobility, they tower immeasurably above that quartet of snide reformers. Donnelly, the political quack; Peffer, the bogus patriot; Weaver, the jumping-jack, and the "sockless" buffoon from Kansas. Is it possible that these and their few followers are the "people," and that wise and patriotic men have done him a great wrong by the verdict of history will be as to the comparative merits of the two sets of leaders we have been contrasting? Look at the representatives and principles and methods of the so-called people's party, and see if it has anything to commend it but its name, which is fast becoming as sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal. Lema gogues alone seek to build a party on the ignorance and prejudice of the people. The republican party makes no appeal to prejudice or passion. It is not ever looking over its shoulder at the past. It can look to the past with pride; to the present with composure, and to the future with confidence and courage. Democracy stands at the tail end of the car of progress and sees nothing until it has passed it. The republican party points to a record of grand achievements. What pledge or promise of good works do we have from the "people's party"? What of transcendent, public or private benefit has it accomplished where—as in Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and South Dakota legislatures—it had the power? Just nothing. And while arrogating to itself a special immaculateness and purity, its political methods, wherein are its methods better than those of any other party, or anything like as frank, and manly, and true as those of the republican party.

Secrecy and Slightness.

It seems to us there is no other party in existence except, possibly, the democratic machine which seeks to transact its business in so much of secrecy and slightness, with "delegate meetings," "executive sessions" and the like, holding its conventions behind closed doors and taking the masses of the people so utterly into confidence that we get below an example of its "courage" and its methods. As to its earnestness and courage, all prohibitionists know that the great legislative battles in Iowa and elsewhere have been for the maintenance or overthrow of the prohibitory law. The democrats of Iowa, in state convention assembled, adopted amid wild enthusiasm a straight and anti-prohibition, compulsory law. As usual, they didn't know it was loaded, but several days later, after hearing from the "slough-water districts," their leaders juggled in a local option clause. They showed their reckless courage, however, by coming out square-toed for the legalized bung starter and the saloon. The republican party is just as squarely and just as bravely with the church, the school, the home of all the better elements of the country as any party ever in existence. The "people's party" sits on the fence like the Kansas grasshopper, singing, "I'll be in this wheat bye and bye," thus destroying all the good which the hard-working farmer has done.

Hypocrisy and Its Rebuke.

It sees the Armstrongs fight on pausing to blandly remark: "We censure the leaders of the republican and democratic parties for the constant effort to reopen the temperance question in the state, to the exclusion of the grave economic questions which now confront our people." Now, as to methods. The several reports of the people's legislative conventions, as published in their own organs, and in the hands of all the better elements of the country, there had been great clouds of delegates present. In one convention they claimed 142 delegates were entitled to seats in their senatorial convention, yet they were all cast by two men from Winnebago county. And after all the talk about "too many lawyers to make laws for farmers," etc., the senatorial convention nominated a lawyer, and a poor one at that. "The people's party" county convention nominated for the county office of importance three representative democrats who had attended the previous democratic county convention and who were delegates to their subsequent legislative convention, and their nomination for sheriff voted in the republican primaries and in all the subsequent democratic and people's conventions, and was the result of the action of the democratic county general committee. Though democracy and the people failed at the time to fuse, they were in cahoots, and by some hypothesis, since then, there has been a pulling off until both sides have a right head-on whether they have a ticket at all. So much for special purity of methods. The motive in writing this article is to show the utter inconsistency of the "people's party" purpose in order to work themselves into office. The republican party is the true people's party. R.

AMUSEMENTS.

There was a rush at Powers' theater yesterday for seats for "The Pirates of

Swatavia," which will be given by local talent next Monday and Tuesday evenings for the benefit of the Grand Rapids guards. The large demand for seats already assures the undertaking a grand success.

Prof. Alfred Hennequin, formerly of Michigan and known as one of the most brilliant commentators on the drama of these times, has written a comedy-drama, entitled "The Modern Husband," which will be produced at the Detroit opera house next Monday. It will be given at Powers' Grand on May 4, on which occasion Manager Garwood, the popular and always busy manager, will take a benefit. This fact should insure a great attendance.

The drama which has been running at Smith's will be withdrawn today and in its place a minstrel first part will be substituted, followed by an olio of great excellence and an uproariously funny afterpiece. Today's matinee will introduce the change.

The comedienne, Carrie Louis, will open at Redmond's next Sunday evening in "Dad's Girl." The sale of reserve seats will begin this morning.

The St. Cecilia recital in Westminster Presbyterian church tonight will be attended by a distinguished audience.

The customary matinee today at Smith's Waterloo street theater.

Patti Rosa will be at Powers' next Thursday evening.

DIVISION STREET CHURCH.

The Trustees join in a Statement Correcting Errors.

EDITOR HERALD—In last Tuesday morning's edition of your paper appeared an article of considerable length purporting to give a report of the proceedings of an informal meeting of the official board of the Division street Methodist church, which was held the previous evening in the east parlor of the church. The greater part of the article was devoted to the quotation of statements claimed to have been made by the pastor and official brethren present. The statements thus quoted were presented in the exact language claimed to have been used on that occasion. The only person named in the article as present at the meeting who made remarks which were distinctly claimed as his own utterances was the Rev. Gould. Now, honestly and frankly in this matter require from us the statement that several of the subjects mentioned were considered in the meeting and properly discussed. But every claim or statement claimed as coming from or uttered by the Rev. Gould is untrue, with the single exception of his pleasant remarks after the close of the meeting. If you knew the Rev. Gould as intimately and well as do the members of his church and congregation, you would not have permitted him to be charged with falsehood or any seeming reflections upon his character. You have done him a great wrong and one which he cannot but feel most keenly. It is not believed that you would willfully or maliciously do him any harm or endeavor to tear down or hinder any organization which has for its object the well-being of humanity. But it is believed that some one of your reporters, with a laudable desire to obtain news items for his paper, has allowed his zeal and imagination to get control of him and obscure for the time being his probable belief in doing unto others what he would that others should do unto him. It is hoped that you will do all in your power to correct the wrong.

Respectfully yours,
Present at the meeting, James Lowe, L. R. Atwater, Wm. G. Robinson, A. F. Birch, J. C. More, A. M. Apled, G. G. Whitworth, J. B. Ware, S. C. Aikens.

Importance of Regular Dieting.

When the milk has come to the breasts all artificial nourishment must cease and the child be put to the breast regularly. It is now that so many mistakes are made, that so many bad habits are formed; now that the health of the child frequently begins to suffer and derangements of the stomach are so often met with. There are many mothers who, by their irregular habits in suckling their children, overload the stomach, and when the child cries, as it frequently will do when the stomach is in this state, they give it the breast under the impression that it will cure everything. Let me say to you, when the first few days of the infant's life are over, and when feeding must be ceased, otherwise the health of both parent and child will suffer alike. The frequency with which the child should be put to the breast during the first month should be once every two hours during the day and once every three or four hours during the night.

To attend to this from the very first is absolutely necessary, as a mother's rest should be as undisturbed as possible. When this is neglected and her nights are disturbed, her health will become impaired, the milk will deteriorate in quality, and the child will be badly nourished and suffer in consequence.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Forget They Were in Boston.

Two young ladies got into an electric car yesterday afternoon. One was pretty, the other wasn't. All the seats were taken. Two young men were sitting together. They spoke German. Said one to the other (in German): "I'm going to give my seat to the pretty girl."

The other replied (also in German): "Well, I suppose I must give mine to the ugly one then."

Both young ladies accepted the kindness and thanked the kind young men in German.—Boston Herald.

A Model Husband.

Wife—I saw the loveliest lace apron today, only \$2.50, and I want them absolutely, but I know you wished to economize, and so I didn't get them.

Husband—That's too bad, my dear; you should have got them. Anything which adds to your happiness and brings gladness to your eyes, anything which lightens your domestic cares and glides the lowering clouds, anything which borders with sweet flowers the thorny path of duty and appeals pleasantly to your authentic nature, making life more worth living, seems a miracle, you are

welcome, doubly welcome to my angel, if it doesn't cost more than \$2.50.—New York Weekly.

A Case for Compensation.
"Charles, dear," she remarked as she poured his second cup of tea, "tell me about the dodo, won't you please?"

"About the what?"

"The dodo."

"Dodo? Dodo? Well, really, I don't know much about it. The dodo, I believe, was a species of waterfowl, now extinct, or nearly so."

"Is that why they are so expensive?"

"Oh! Um—I don't know about that, my dear."

"But they are quite costly, aren't they?"

"Well, really I can't say. I don't suppose they can be obtained at all, or at least not readily."

"But what do you do with them, dear, after you purchase them?"

"Oh! What's that?"

"How do you use them?"

"For heaven's sake, Nellie, are you going crazy? Use what?"

"Why, the dodos, to be sure—the dodos that you have been buying lately."

"What in the world do you mean?"

"See here. This little account book fell out of your coat this morning as I was brushing it. I am not a bit curious, Charles—you know that—but I just glanced through this book, and couldn't help seeing that you've been buying dodos right along. Look! 'Drinks and cigars, sixty cents; dodo, \$2.50; dodo, \$1.50; dodo, \$2.10.' Now it occurred to me that if you buy so many of those extinct birds you might at least give me a chance to see one of them."

And thereupon that noble fellow pressed his wife to his bosom, imprinted an 18-carat kiss upon her brow and promised that he would bring home the next dodo he bought, provided she would surrender the account book and agree to keep the matter a profound secret.—Chicago Mail.

A Desirable Wife.

A young English traveler, while in Valencia, had become deeply attached to a young Gypsy girl. The mother urged him to marry her daughter. The Englishman replied that he was not rich enough. The old gypsy woman laughed and said:

"What, not rich enough in the land of guineas? Why, with so accomplished a thief as my daughter, you will be a millionaire in a twelvemonth!"—Pungola.

Expert Knowledge.

She—I suppose the burning of Mr. Van Wiggins' picture gallery is an irreparable loss.

He—Almost. Nothing can be replaced except the old family portraits.—Life.

Special Sale at A. & P. Co.'s Store.

Two Days Only.
The Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea company will during Friday and Saturday sell twenty-three pounds of granulated sugar for \$1.00, and twenty-five pounds of light brown sugar for \$1.00. This offer will be for Friday and Saturday only. We also will sell of those who purchase sugar to try a small quantity of our excellent tea or fresh roasted coffee. We also wish to announce that we will not deliver sugar unless there is some tea or coffee bought at the same time. Don't fail to try our Mocha and Java at 35 cents per pound, or three pounds for \$1.00. Our Japan and gunpowder teas at 50 cents are giving excellent satisfaction. We respectfully invite one and all to come in and examine our goods. It is needless for us to talk on the quality of our goods. The Atlantic and Pacific Tea company's reputation for selling pure and unadulterated goods has long been known, not only in this city, but in all the cities where their two hundred stores have been located. We make this offer for two days only. Do not fail to give A. & P. Baking Powder a trial. Remember the place, 103 Monroe street. Telephone 580.

New Route to Colorado.

First-class sleeping cars—electric lighted—run daily between Chicago, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver, via the Short Line of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway—Chicago to Omaha—and the Burlington route—Omaha to Lincoln and Denver. Leave Chicago 6:30 p. m., arrive Omaha next morning. Denver second morning for breakfast, face and hands washed, ready for business or pleasure. Time and money saved. All coupon ticket agents in the United States and Canada sell tickets via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, or address Harry Mercer, Michigan passenger agent, No. 82 Griswold street, Detroit, Mich.

Try A. & P. Baking Powder at 45c.

Perfectly pure; full weight guaranteed. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Telephone 580.

The first masquerade ball of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trackmen will be held at Simmons' hall, corner South Division and Fifth avenue, April 20. The public are cordially invited.

Call at the "Steels Market," Nos. 19 and 21 South Division street, and order your Sunday dinner from that fine display of spring lamb, poultry, beef, veal, ham, shoulders, etc. Prices the lowest.

Lily White Flour

Is made from the choicest wheat.

Wood

Just received, 2000 cords of best sixteen-inch wood in the city. G. R. Ice and Coal company, 52 Pearl street. Tel. 159.

Ice

G. R. Ice and Coal company. Telephone 159.

Now is the time to buy groceries cheap, as the stock of I. C. Hatch is going at prices that will astonish everybody. Call and be convinced. Never before was there as fine a stock of fancy and staple goods placed upon the market at the prices. Do not delay making your purchases at once.

CHAS. F. RAYBURN, Successor to Ira C. Hatch, 125 Monroe street.

Nurses are requested to call and register in the "Nurses' Directory" for the convenience of physicians and others at Jewett Bros', druggists, 27 Monroe street, Grand Rapids, Mich. Telephone 978.

MODERN MIRACLES!

Dr. French in Hartman's Hall

Hundreds of Helpless Sufferers Cured of Their Infirmities—Ariste and Walk.

HEALING WITHOUT MEDICINE.

Ariste and Walk, and immediately he took up his bed, and went into his house. The people assembled in Hartman's hall yesterday were forcibly reminded of this passage in the holy scriptures. What power this man possesses, or by what means he performs such seemingly wonderful things, cannot probably be explained, but one cannot deny what he sees and hears every day at his hall from 10 to 11 o'clock. A man went upon the stage who had been deaf ten years, and in three minutes, under the powerful touch of Dr. French, he was made to hear the softest whisper. An old lady, who was so lame she could not ascend the steps to the stage, was cured in a few minutes. She went leaping and waiting about with the doctor as though she was a girl again. A sensation was created by the cure of a lady suffering from paralysis of the right arm. She has not been able for a long time to lift the arm from her side. The doctor manipulated the helpless arm and side a few minutes, and the arm and hand sprang about test some great bodily harm might happen her. But soon she swung the arm on high, exclaiming, "This is the work of the Lord." She went down the aisle shaking hands with everyone, and the audience cheered her as she passed. Cases of lameness, neuralgia, nervous prostration, and all ailments are cured by the doctor. Dr. French will heal the sick every morning from 10 to 11 o'clock in Hartman's hall. And we advise our readers to go and witness these wonderful cures. The doctor is located at the Vendome hotel, where those who are able to pay can go from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. (consultation free). He can at a glance tell you if you are curable, and how long it will require for a perfect and permanent cure. No matter how long you have been afflicted or how many doctors have told you your case was hopeless, go to him. Almost all the incurable cases made at the hall are cured there, and he saves all their means trying to get well and failed before meeting Dr. French. People who have been in hospitals for months go to Hartman's hall and are cured in a few minutes. Consultations at the Vendome are free. Admission and treatment at the hall are also free. All letters must contain a stamp for reply.

Buy the best and purchase a new process Quick Meal gasoline stove; large stock at Vanderveer & Witman.

Try A. & P. Baking Powder at 45c. Perfectly pure; full weight guaranteed. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Telephone 580.

Lily White Flour

Makes finest pastry, bread, or biscuit. The best is most satisfactory.

Try A. & P. Baking Powder at 45c. Perfectly pure; full weight guaranteed. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Telephone 580.

This is ladies' day at Hartman's hall. Dr. French will likely have a full house.

Another free lecture to ladies today, from 10 to 11, at Hartman's hall by Dr. French.

"Royal Ruby" Port Wine.

The feeble constitution, the more susceptible the system is to the causes of disease, and the less competent it is to struggle with sickness. Hence where there is a deficiency of natural stamina the physique should be protected and strengthened by the best invigorant that nature produces. Look at your druggist, and give you "Royal Ruby" port wine, which is our "just as good" which they may offer you.

The pure Oporto grape juice, old, rich and mellow, has that fruitiness so seldom found, no matter what price is paid. Quarts bottles \$1.00; pints 50c. Sold and guaranteed by White & White, Thum Bros. & Schmidt, leading druggists.

Bottled by Royal Wine Co., Chicago

Now is the time to buy your groceries cheap, as the stock of I. C. Hatch is going at prices that will astonish everybody. Call and be convinced. Never before was there as fine a stock of fancy and staple goods placed upon the market at the prices, so do not delay making your purchases at once.

CHAS. F. RAYBURN, Successor to Ira C. Hatch, 125 Monroe street.

Try A. & P. Baking Powder at 45c. Perfectly pure; full weight guaranteed. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Telephone 580.

O'Hara's Easter Slippers.

We have just received a new line of fancy slippers, and have made the prices within reach of all.

Three ties.....\$1.25
Polka dot cloth top Oxford.....1.50
Black cloth top Oxford.....2.00
Princess ties.....2.50
Prince Alberts (just out).....2.50
Cloth top Oxford.....2.50

Our stock is complete and we invite inspection. Come early while sizes are unbroken to.

O'Hara's, 72 Canal street.

Try A. & P. Baking Powder at 45c. Perfectly pure; full weight guaranteed. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Telephone 580.

Many of the noted sanitariums and famous health resorts are using Garfield Tea in their treatment of constipation and female weaknesses.

Every sack of LILY WHITE FLOUR has a picture of our mill. None genuine without it. VALLEY CITY MILLS CO.

Try A. & P. Baking Powder at 45c. Perfectly pure; full weight guaranteed. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Telephone 580.

Use This Nectar Tea, a pure Chinese tea at 50c per pound and a special present with each pound, 103 Monroe street. Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.

P. S.—Use A. & P. Baking Powder. Telephone 580.

Beckley's Aramae Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Beckley Bros., druggists, corner Monroe and Division sts.

Do not swallow the famous French of Paris with the great wash-bottle, soda, cream and bloom which are sending the market. Get the genuine of White & White, 13 cents per box and get the best. Beware your plainness, French, blackheads, warts, top and stubble, and give you